

Serving the Gas Industry Worldwide



Application, characteristics, technical data

Application

- device for systems acc. to DVGW worksheet G 600 (TRGI) or for RMG 300 "t" G 600 (TRGI) and G495/II
- · suitable for systems requiring dynamic regulation (gas furnaces)
- suitable for natural gas and all non-aggressive gas media

Characteristics

- · large inlet pressure range
- · optional internal or external measuring connection
- · actuator with pressure compensation
- · easy maintenance due to exchangeable functional units
- control system with optional
 - integrated safety relief valve (SBV) for gas leakages
 - with vent valve RMG 915 (if SRV is blocked)
- with safety diaphragm www.ittcontrols.com | contact@ittcontrols.com
- . for RMG 300 "t" separate thermally actuated locking device (TAE)
 - with memory metal as temperature sensor and actuator
 - with metal seal at the the gas pressure regulator inlet

TECHNICAL DATA				
max. inlet pressure p _{umax}	16 bar (4 bar for RMG 300 "t")			
	outlet pressure range W _{ds} in bar		setpoint spring	
	measuring unit 1	measuring unit 2	spring-No.	colour
	0,025 0,045		1	grey
	0,035 0,100		2	yellow
outlet pressure range	0,080 0,200		3	ivory
	0,150 0,300		4	red
	0,250 0,400		5	green
	0,300 0,500	0,500 0,800	6	light blue
	0,400 0,800	0,600 2,000	7	dark blue
	SAV and SBV adjustment ranges see page 3			
	outlet pressure range in bar		AC	SG
accuracy class and	0,020 0,030		10	30
closing pressure categories	> 0,030 0,050		10	20
	> 0,050 0,500		5	10
	> 0,500 2,000		2,5	10
flow rate coefficient	valve seat diameter: 11mm			
(for natural gas, ρ _n = 0,83 kg/m ³)	Kg-value: 65 m ³ /h			
pipe size	DN 25			



TECHNICAL DATA			
connection type	DIN flange PN 16; connection sizes according to DIN 2501		
		RMG 300	RMG 300"t"
material	main valve body actuator casing other pressure components internal components diaphragm, seals	Al alloy sheet steel St, Al alloy St, Al, Ms synth. rubber (NBR)	spheroidal graphite iron sheet steel St, Al alloy St, Al, Ms synth. rubber (NBR)
TAE actuating temperature	approx. 100°C to 120°C		
temperature class	-20 °C to +60 °C		
function and strength	as per DVGW VP200 (DIN 33822)		
PED/CE and DIN DVGW	approved		

SETPOIN	TPOINT RANGES FOR CONTROL UNITS K1A, K2A (SAFETY SHUT-OFF UNIT TYPE RMG 673)							
	setpoint spring		upper respons	ise pressure p _{so} * lower response press		e pressure p _{su} *	ure p _{su} *	
control unit	No.	colour	wire dia. in mm	setpoint range W _{ho} (bar)	re-engagement differential between response pressure and normal service pressure Δρ _Q (bar)	setpoint range W _{hu} (bar)	re-engagement differential between response pressure and normal service pressure Δp _U (bar)	response pressure category**
K1a	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	yellow light red dark red white yellow white black	2,5 3,2 3,6 4,75 1,0 1,2	0,04 0,10 0,08 0,25 0,20 0,50 0,50 1,50	0,03 0,05 0,10 0,25	0,010 0,015 0,014 0,040 0,035 0,120	0,012 0,03 0,06	10/5 10/5 5/2,5 5/2,5 15 15/5
K2a	2 3 4 5 6	light red dark red white light blue black	3,2 3,6 4,75 1,1 1,4	0,40 0,80 0,60 1,60 1,50 4,50	0,1 0,2 0,3	0,06 0,15 0,12 0,40	0,05 0,1	10/5 10/5 5/2,5 15/5

^{*)} Note: Where control devices are being used simultaneously for lower and upper actuating pressures, the difference between the two setpoint values p_{SO} and p_{SU} must be at least 10% greater than the sum of the re-engagement differentials Δp_O and Δp_U -



^{**)} The higher AG group applies to the first half, the lower AG group to the second half of the setpoint range.

	SETPOINT RANGE FOR LEAKAGE SAFETY RELIEF VALVE (SBV)		
only for measuring unit 1 and p _a ≤ 500 mbar:			
	With setpoint spring 1 - 7	SBV spring dia. 2.5 mm	10 mbar to 100 mbar above pa

CONNECTIONS OF MEASURING AND VENTING LINES				
measuring line* for pilot and SAV unit	R 1/4"; pipe 10 x 1.5 / E 10 (solderless pipe union with cutting ring according to DIN 2353)			
venting line/relief line** for pilot	R 1/2", pipe 12 x 1.5 / E12 (solderless pipe union with cutting ring according to DIN 2353) or venting valve RMG 915 (not for dynamic regulating systems)			
venting line for SAV units K1a/K2a	M 16 \times 1,5; pipe 12 \times 1.5 / E 12 (solderless pipe union with cutting ring according to DIN 2353) or venting valve RMG 915 or tripping valve RMG 919 with outside vent			

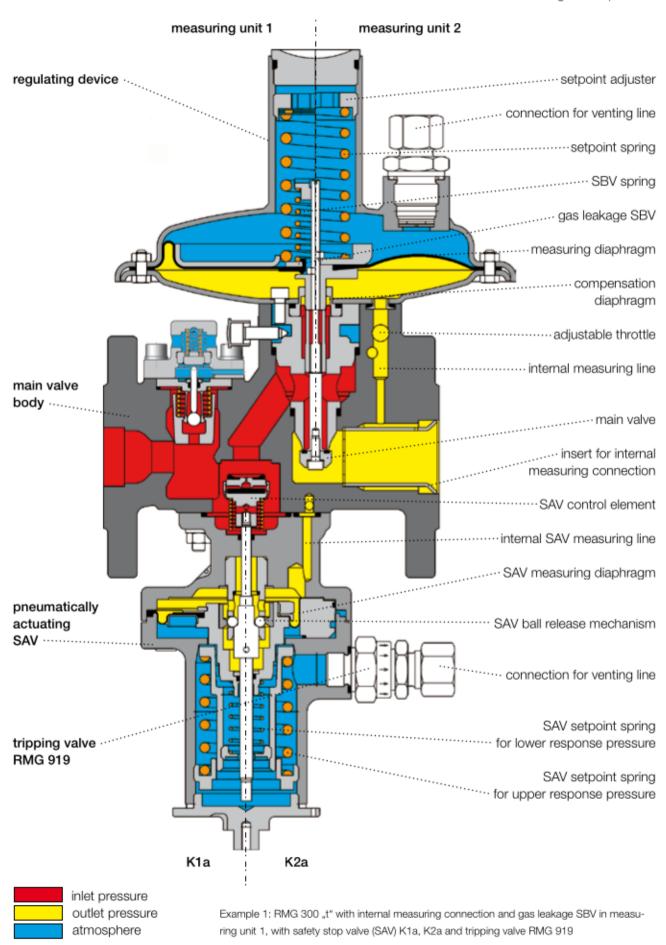
^{*)} not applicable for devices with internal measuring connection

^{**)} not applicable for devices with safety diaphragm

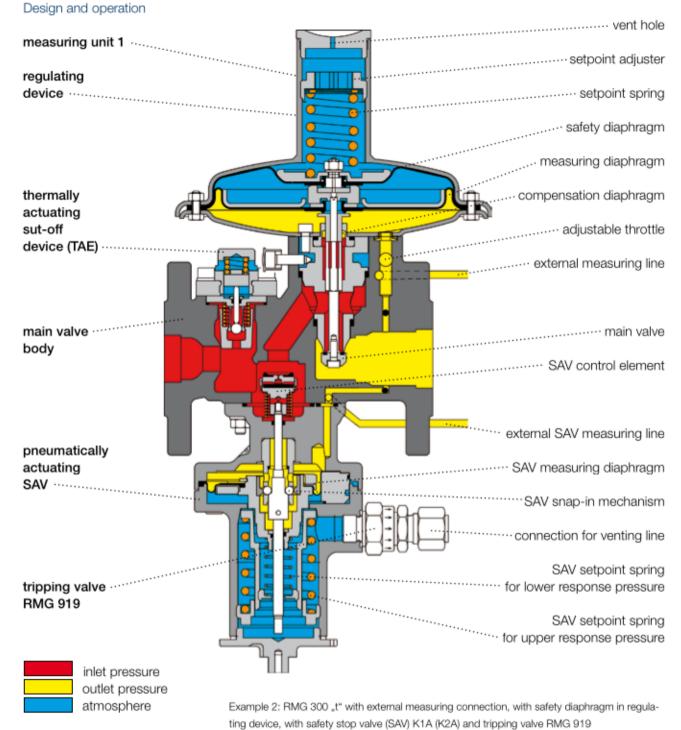
WEIGHTS				
RMG 300, RMG 300 "t"	SAV			
	without	with		
	4kg	5kg		



Design and operation







The gas pressure regulators RMG 300 and RMG 300 "t" are designed to keep the outlet pressure in the pipe system constant within given limits irrespective of gas delivery changes and changes of the inlet pressure. The gas regulator RMG 300 consists of the functional components "pilot" and "SAV unit"; the RMG 300 "t" has an additional thermally actuating shut-off device (TAE). The functional components can easily be removed from the main valve body after loosening the corresponding connection bolts.

This modular design allows to immediately renew the faulty functional unit with a tested replacement unit during an operational failure. The same applies during maintenance of the device. The regulating device consists of the main valve with valve plate and valve seat, the compensation diaphragm, and the measuring unit with measuring diaphragm, setpoint spring and setpoint adjuster. The safety shut-off device (SAV) consists of the SAV control element and the corresponding control units K1a or K2a.



Design and operation

The main valve body contains measuring bore holes which enable connecting an internal measuring connection for the pilot and SAV. When using external measuring lines the internal connections are sealed using balls pressed into the bore holes.

An adjustable throttle at the main valve body is used to tune the pilot to the pressure system. Optionally the safety relief valve for gas leakages (SBV) can be fitted to the regulating device. It is not required where a safety diaphragm has been fitted or is blocked when the venting valve RMG 915 is being added.

The output pressure to be regulated is directed from the measuring point to the underside of the measuring diaphragm. This senses the actual output pressure and compares it with the setpoint preset by the adjustable setpoint value (spring tension). Any difference directly effects the main valve position via the valve rod. The resulting change in flow leads to an alignment of the actual output pressure to the setpoint value. At zero consumption the device seals off completely.

The SAV control unit monitors the output pressure at the measuring point (internal or external). When one of the preset release pressure values is reached, the SAV measuring diaphragm moves with the tripping device into the corresponding release position, the ball release mechanism releases the valve rod, and the SAV control element seals tight.

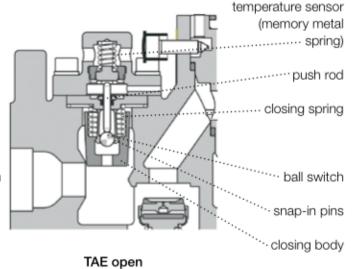
RMG 300 "t" thermally actuating shut-off device (TAE)

CAUTION!

The TAE device is pre-tensioned by a spring.

Design:

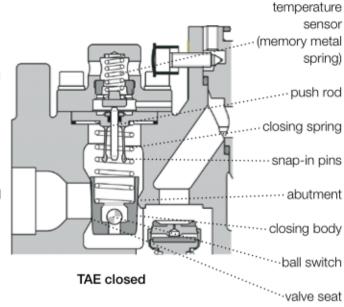
The thermally actuating shut-off device TAE is integrated into the inlet of the spheroidal graphite iron main valve body and consists of temperature sensor, closing mechanism, closing body, and the valve seat positioned in the main valve body. The closing body is normally locked in the open position. The ball switch is located between the two snap-in pins on the outer collars on which the closing body rests, tensioned by the closing spring, The push rod located above the ball switch is in contact with the temperature sensor designed as a spring made from so-called memory metal. The cover surrounding the memory metal spring features holes which allow the ambient temperature to affect the sensor directly.



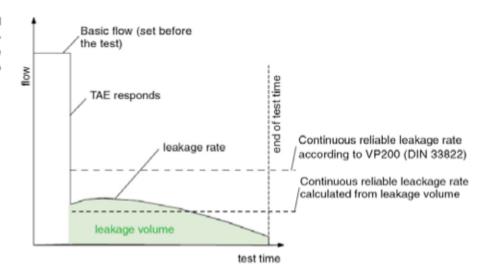


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Should the ambient temperature exceed the response temperature of the memory metal, the spring will extend longitudinally. Via the push rod the resulting high pressure forces the ball switch out of the snap-on pins. The conical closing body is set free and pressed by the pressure of the closing spring into the closing position between the valve seat and the abutment centred upon it. This design guarantees a safe closure. The closing body uses a material with a heat extension coefficient greater than that of the casing material. This produces increasingly greater closing forces with further rising temperature, aiding the safe closure.



The diagram shows the typical leakage behaviour for the gas regulator RMG 300 "t" given the test conditions according to VP200 (DIN 33822).



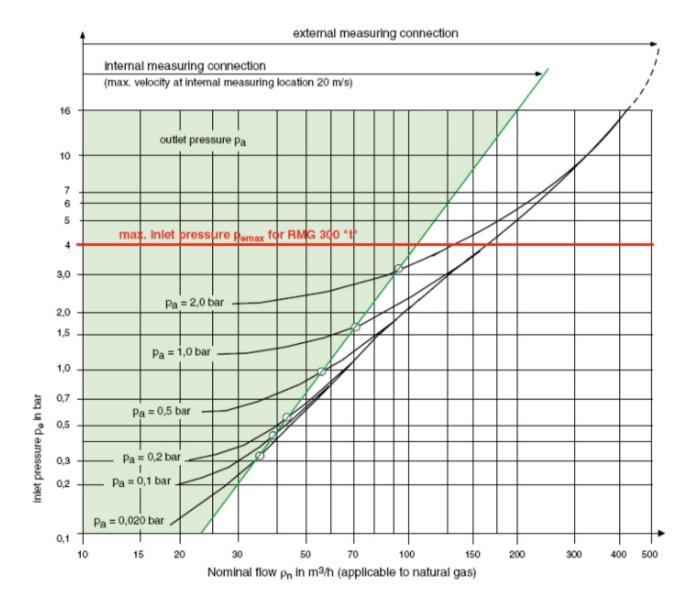


Design and operation

Device designation

The diagram below applies to gas pressure regulators RMG 300 and RMG 300 "t" with integral SAV unit. It indicates the nominal flow for natural gas as a function of inlet pressure pe and outlet pressure pa.

Nominal flow diagram for gas pressure regulator RMG 300 "t"



The maximum nominal flow values q_n can normally only be achieved where the outlet pipe is widened to a larger size. A maximum nominal flow of approx. 20 m/s also applies for this measuring point.



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*) 59 mm for RMG 300 "t"



Regulator designation

example:

RMG 300 "t" - 25 / 1 - K1a / 0 - 11 / 1L / 4 - So REGULATOR DESIGNATION Design without TAE oipe size with TAE pipe size / measuring connection pipe size measuring connection DN 25 internal 2 external SAV set range set range in bar set range in bar special features (to be detailled) SAV-control unit Who Whu K1a 0,040 to 1,500 0,010 to 0,120 K1a K2a 0,400 to 4,500 0,060 to 0,400 K2a Remote indication 0 without for K 1a or K 2a F Valve seat diameter Valve seat diameter 11mm 11 Pilot with 1L Actuator 1 with gas leak SBV Actuator 1 with blocked gas leak SBV Actuator 1 with safety diaphragm 1S Actuator 2 2 Set range Set range setpoint spring Wh in bar Wh in bar No. / colour for actuator 1 for actuator 2 0,020 to 0,045 grey 2 yellow 0,035 to 0,100 3 0,080 to 0,200 3 ivory

5

6



4

5

6

red

green

light blue

dark blue

0,150 to 0,300

0.250 to 0.400

0,300 to 0,500

0,400 to 0,800

0,5 to 0,8

0,6 to 2,0