# Oil Burner Safety Control

For 1- or 2-stage oil burners up to 30 kg/h throughput and intermittent operation Flame detection:

- Photoresistor MZ 770 S
- Infrared-flicker detector IRD 1010
- UV flame sensor UVD 970

# INTRODUCTION

The DKO 970/972 oil burner safety control boxes are suitable for oil burners with throughputs up to 30 kg/h. They are approved and certified according to the applicable European standards and regulations.

The microprocessor-based programming sequence ensures extremely stable timings independent of voltage variations, ambient temperature and/or switch-on cycles. The built-in information system not only provides a continuous monitoring of the actual state of the box (very helpful especially for monitoring the start-up phase) but also informs about the cause of a possible lock out. The lock out cause is stored in such a way that it can be retrieved even after a power failure.

The control box is designed for maximum safety in case of fluctuations in the voltage supply. If the mains voltage drops below the permitted level, operation is interrupted and the control box automatically prevents the start sequence from being repeated. In this way, the safety of the system is not put at risk by a drop in the mains voltage. This low-voltage protection works not only during start-up but also permanently during operation.

# **TYPES AVAILABLE**

**DKO 970** 1-stage operation **DKO 972** 2-stage operation

# **CONSTRUCTIONAL FEATURES**

The control box circuitry is protected by a flame resistant, transparent plug-in type plastic housing. A central fixing screw locks the control box to the wiring base.

The plug-in control box incorporates the microprocessor based timer, flame check and reset circuits.

Manual reset from lock out and set to lock out is provided by a push button with an integrated LED information system. The wiring base S98 is equipped with spare- and extraterminals and allows together with a variety of cable entry points utmost flexibility of electrical wiring.

The DKO 970 is compatible with the TF 801, TF 801.2, TF 830, TF 830.2. The DKO 972 is in addition compatible with the TF 802, TF 802.2, TF 832, TF 832.2.



Using the DKO 970/972 as a replacement for the TF 801 or TF 801.2, the flame sensor FZ 711 S must be replaced by its plug compatible type MZ 770 S. On flame supervision by a photo-cell, type MZ 770 S has to be connected to terminals 1 and 2. Older IR-Sensors of the types IRD 910 and IRD 911 is not possible.



# **TECHNICAL DATA**

Operating voltage 220 / 240 V (-15... +10%) 50 Hz (±5%) 110 / 120 V (-15... +10%) 60 Hz (±5%) Fuse rating 10 A fast, 6 A slow ca. 12 VA Power consumption Max. load per output - term. 3 ignition trafo 1.0 A, cos φ 0.2 - term. 4 motor 2.0 A, cos φ 0.4 - term. 5 + 6 solenoid valves 0,5 A, cos φ 0.4

- term. 7 alarm indicator  $0,5 A, \cos \phi 0.4$ total load 4.0 A, cos φ 0.4 max. 16 A during 0,5 sec

Reset time from lock out

# Re-cycling (repetition) after a loss-of-flame during operation

Flame detectors MZ 770 S Light sensitivity IRD 1010 **UVD 970** Weight incl. Wiring base

Mounting position Protection class Approved ambient parameter

for control and flame detector

- for operation - for storage

Build-up of ice, penetration of water and condensing water are Approvals according to European standards

< 2 m length of cable side-on and end-on viewing better 6 Lux side-on or end-on viewing end-on viewing 190 g IP 40

max. 95% bei 30° C 0° C... +60° C -20° C... +80° C

inadmissible

EN 230, as well as all other relevant Directives and standards

# Table of timings (sec.)

	• , ,				
Model	Pre-purge and pre-ignition time	stray light monitoring	safety time	post-ignition time after V1	delay time to V2 DKO 972 only
	tv1	tf	ts	tn	tv2
05	15	5	5	7	20

## **APPLICATION FEATURES**

# 1. Information system

The information system is microprocessor based and reports on all aspects of burner control box operation and flame supervision. It informs continuously about the actual programming sequence the unit is just performing. Besides monitoring of the programming sequence it also allows to identify errors during start-up of operation without any additional testing devices. The automatically performed diagnoses is a valuable tool which facilitates service/maintenance work and therefore saves costs. The analyses of the error cause can be done directly on stage or if not possible afterwards as the lock out reason is stored in a nonvolatile lock out mode memory.

The information system communicates with the outside world using a LED (the used Flash-Code is similar to the Morse-Code). The messages are optically transmitted by flashing appropriately a LED. Using an (optional) additional terminal the messages can be recorded and displayed in easy readable form.

# 1.1 Programming sequence display

The built-in microprocessor controls not only the programming sequence but the information system too. The individual phases of the programming sequence are displayed as Flash-Code.

The following messages can be distinguished:

Message	Flash-Code
pre-ignition tv1	1111.
safety time ts post ignition tn	11.
delay time to valve V2 tv2	<b>1</b>     .
running	1.
low mains voltage	1 1 1.
Internal fuse defect > control box defect	□ .

### Description

I = short pulse

■ = long pulse

. = short pause

\_= long pause

### 1.2 Lock-out diagnoses

In case of a failure the LED is permanently illuminated. Every 10 seconds the illumination is interrupted by a flash code, which indicates the cause of the error. Therefore the following sequence is performed which is repeated as long as the unit is not reset.

# Sequence:

illuminated phase	dark phase Flash-Coo	le dark phase
for 10 sec	for 0.6 sec	for 1.2 sec

#### Error diagnosis

Error message	Flash-Code	Possible fault
lockout		within lock out safety time no flame establishment
stray light		stray light during monitored phase, detector may be faulty

#### Flash-Code for manual lock out

i labit odac tot til	aridar look out	
manual/external		
lock out		
(see also 3. lock of	out and reset)	

### 2. Flame control

The following detectors can be used for flame supervision:

- for yellow oil flame: photoresistor MZ 770 S (side-on and end-on viewing)
- for blue or yellow flame: infrared-flicker detector type IRD 1010 or as an alternative the UV solid state flame sensor UVD 970.

Generally, the no flame signal is generated at light levels below 3 Lux with respect to the operating cycle of the control. According to EN 230 stray light safety level has to be established in conjunction with the accompanying burner. Connecting the IRD 1010 or UVD 970 the correct wiring has to be observed.

# 2.1 Stray light monitoring

The stray light check is performed at the end of the prepurge time for the duration as mentioned in the table of timings.

### 3. Lock out and reset

The unit can be reset or brought into lock out mode in two different ways:

#### Internal

In the lock out case the unit can be reset by pushing the builtin button meaning a new start-up cycle is performed.

#### External

Instead of using the built-in lock out button the same function can be achieved by using an external button which connects terminal 9 with A (see also circuit and block diagram).

If the pushputton (internal or external) is pressed during normal operation or during the start sequence for more then 3 sec. and afterwards released, the control box will perform a shutdown.



### Please note

The unit can only be brought to lockout mode or be reseted if power is applied to the unit.

# 4. Low-voltage protection

at 220 / 240V (110 / 120V) nominal voltage

The mains voltage has to be more than 187  $V_{\rm eff}$  (94  $V_{\rm eff}$ ) in order to allow the unit to perform a start-up.

The mains voltage is not only monitored in the start-up phase but also permanently during operation. If the voltage drops below <  $160\,\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{eff}}$  ( $80\,\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{eff}}$ ) during start-up or run time the control box goes into lock out mode. If the voltage rises again, the control box performs automatically a start-up as soon as the mains voltage is >  $187\,\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{eff}}$  ( $94\,\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{eff}}$ ).

# 5. Safety

The design and control sequence of the DKO 970/972 controls will comply with the currently applicable standards and regulations (see also TECHNICAL DATA).

## 6. Mounting and electrical wiring

Wiring base:

- 3 earth terminals with additional terminal for burner earthing
- 3 neutral terminals with internal permanent connection to neutral terminal 8
- 2 independant spare terminals (S1 and S2)
- extra terminals A, B and C are standard
- 2 slide-in plates and 2 easy knock out holes (PG11 thread) plus 2 knock out holes in the base bottom faciliate the base wiring

The digital controls are ideally wiried on the new wiring bases S98, which are equipped with (terminals B and C are only for some special types of DMO or DMG) terminal A, which is used for the remote reset/remote lockout functions.



### Please note

To assist trouble-free operation the main neutral connection terminal in the wiring base must be fully tightened. The terminal screws are already in the undone position. To connect a wire to the terminal, the screw only needs to be fastened.

General: The control box and detector probes should not be subjected to excessive vibration.

### **INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS AND MAINTENANCE**

# 1. Important notes

- The controls must be installed by qualified personnel only. The relevant national regulations have to be observed.
- On commissioning the wiring has to be carefully checked according the appropriate diagram, Incorrect wiring can damage the unit and endanger the installation.
- The fuse rating has to ensure that the limits specified in TECHNICAL DATA will not be exceeded. If these precautions are not observed, the effect of a short circuit can cause severe damage to the control and installation.
- For safety reasons a minimum of one control shutdown every 24 hours has to be observed.
- Disconnect the mains before the control box is plugged in or out.
- The control box is a safety device and must not be opened!

#### 2. Function control

For safety reasons the flame detection system should be tested on commissioning the installation as well as after a service or longer shut-down.

- a) Start-up with covered flame detector
  - After lock out safety time is over the unit has to go into lock out mode!
- b) Start-up with exposed flame detector
  - After 10 sec prepurge time the unit has to go into lock out mode!
- Normal start-up with burner in the normal position, cover up the flame detector
  - After start-up, and end of lock out safety time the unit has to go into lock out mode!

## 3. Fault finding

The built-in information system facilitate the trouble shooting in the case of problems occurring during start-up or during operation.

A list of possible lock out messages can be found in APPLICATION FEATURES chapter 1.2.

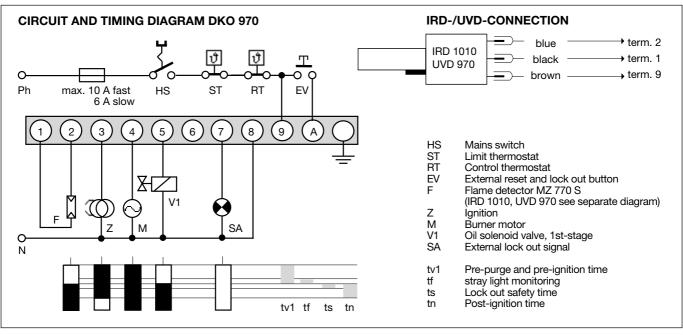
# Please note:

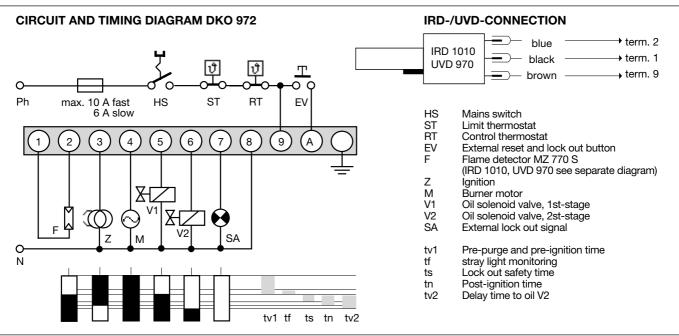


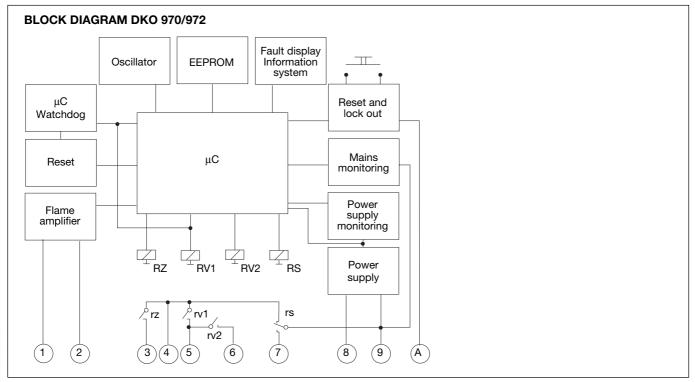
The control box is locked in lock out mode and the reasen for the lock out is displayed until the control box is reset, either by en internal or external reset (see also subject "3. Lock out and reset").

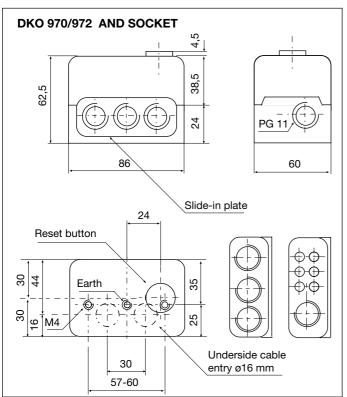
Removing the control box from its wiring base or by interrupting the supply line may **not** reset a lock out (according to EN 230). There fore, by applying power, the fan motor switches on for 2-3 secs. before the control box goes to lock out again and the cause of the last lock out.

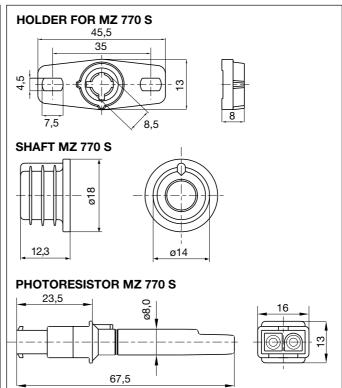
Error	Possible fault
Burner not working	<ul> <li>Thermostat circuit open</li> <li>Faulty electrical wiring</li> <li>Oil preheater defective</li> <li>mains voltage &lt; 187 V (&lt; 80V)</li> <li>Terminal A continuously on power (e.g. terminal A is used as a support terminal)</li> </ul>
Fan motor starts for a short period of time, control box goes to louk out	- Control box has not been reset
Burner starts, flame not established, lock out	- Stray light on flame detector - No ignition or no fuel
Burner starts, flame established, after safety time, lock out	Dirty or faulty flame detector     Insufficient light on detector     Sensitivity adjustment too low on IRD

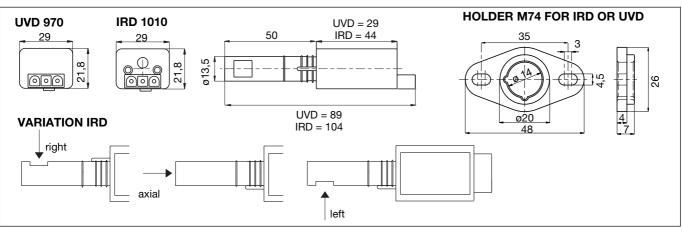












ORDERING INFORMATION		
TEM	DESIGNATION	ITEM NO.
Control box	DKO 970 Mod. 05	0310005
or	DKO 972 Mod. 05	0312005
Control box	DKO 970 Mod. 05 110 / 120V	0310305
or	DKO 972 Mod. 05 110 / 120V	0312305
Socket	Wiring base S98 12-pin	75310
nsert plate	PG-Plate	70502
optional	Cable entry plate	70501
lame detector	MZ 770 S	50001
optional	MZ 770 S with shaft	51001
optional	IRD 1010 right	16501
	IRD 1010 end-on	16502
	IRD 1010 left	16503
ptional	UVD 970	16702
Support for flame detector	Holder for MZ 770 S	59101
ptional	Holder M 74 for IRD or UVD	59074
Connection cable	Plug type, 3 core cable, 0.6 m with tag wire ends	7236001
Connection cable	Plug type, 2 core cable, 0.5 m with tag wire ends	7225001
The above ordering information Special versions are also includ		subject to change without notic